

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A method for interfacing with a virtual object in a haptic virtual environment,
2 comprising:
3 generating a virtual object comprising a virtual surface in the haptic virtual
4 environment;
5 sensing a location of a user in real space;
6 determining a virtual tool comprising a plurality of discrete points for use
7 by the user in the haptic virtual environment;
8 determining a haptic interface location in the haptic virtual environment in
9 response to the location of the user in real space;
10 determining locations for the plurality of discrete points of the virtual tool
11 in the haptic virtual environment in comparison to the haptic interface location
12 and a location of the virtual surface;
13 determining if at least one of the plurality of discrete points of the virtual
14 tool penetrates the virtual surface;
15 if at least one of the plurality of discrete points penetrates the virtual
16 surface, determining a geometry for the virtual surface at an area of penetration of
17 the virtual tool; and
18 limiting movement of the virtual tool based on (i) the geometry of the
19 virtual surface, (ii) at least one location of at least one of the plurality of discrete
20 points, and (iii) the haptic interface location.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of limiting movement of the virtual
2 tool further comprises moving a position of the virtual tool toward the haptic
3 interface location.

1 3. The method of claim 2, further comprising the step of determining a surface
2 contact point based on (i) the geometry of the virtual surface, (ii) at least one
3 location of at least one of the plurality of the discrete points of the virtual tool, and
4 (iii) the haptic interface location.

1 4. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of determining a surface
2 direction vector in response to the steps of determining the locations for the
3 plurality of discrete points of the virtual tool in the haptic virtual environment and
4 determining if at least one of the plurality of discrete points of the virtual tool
5 penetrates the virtual surface.

1 5. The method of claim 4, further comprising the step of determining a constraint
2 plane in response to the step of determining a surface direction vector, and
3 wherein the step of limiting the movement of the virtual tool further comprises
4 limiting the movement based on the constraint plane.

1 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of determining the geometry of the
2 virtual surface comprises determining an edge geometry.

1 7. The method of claim 6, wherein the step of determining the edge geometry
2 comprises determining if the virtual tool has penetrated two portions of the virtual
3 surface; and determining two edge surface direction vectors in response to (i) the
4 two portions and (ii) at least one location of at least one of the plurality of discrete
5 points of the virtual tool.

1 8. The method of claim 7, wherein the step of determining the geometry for the
2 virtual surface comprises determining an edge line by calculating the cross
3 product of the two edge surface direction vectors; and the step of limiting the

4 movement of the virtual tool comprises limiting the movement of the virtual tool
5 based on the edge line.

1 9. The method of claim 1, further comprising calculating an interaction force
2 between the virtual object and the virtual tool in response to the step of
3 determining the locations of the plurality of discrete points of the virtual tool.

1 10. A system for interfacing with a virtual object in a haptic virtual environment,
2 comprising:

3 the virtual object comprising a virtual surface;
4 a haptic interface device, wherein the haptic interface device senses a
5 location of a user in real space;
6 a virtual tool comprising a plurality of discrete points for use by the user in
7 the haptic virtual environment; and
8 a modeling application in communication with the haptic interface device,
9 the virtual object, and the virtual tool, wherein the modeling application (a)
10 determines a haptic interface location in the haptic virtual environment in
11 response to the location of the user in real space; (b) determines locations for the
12 plurality of discrete points of the virtual tool in the haptic virtual environment in
13 comparison to the haptic interface location and a location of the virtual surface;
14 (c) determines a geometry for the virtual surface at an area where at least one of
15 the plurality of discrete points of the virtual tool penetrates the virtual surface; and
16 (d) limits movement of the virtual tool based on (i) the geometry of the virtual
17 surface, (ii) at least one location of at least one of the plurality of discrete points,
18 and (iii) the haptic interface location.

1 11. The system of claim 10, wherein the modeling application limits the
2 movement of the virtual tool by moving a position of the virtual tool toward the
3 haptic interface location.

1 12. The system of claim 11, further comprising a surface contact point, wherein
2 the modeling application determines the surface contact point based on (i) the
3 geometry of the virtual surface, (ii) at least one location of at least one of the
4 plurality of the discrete points of the virtual tool, and (iii) the haptic interface
5 location.

1 13. The system of claim 10, further comprising a surface direction vector,
2 wherein at least one of the plurality of discrete points of the virtual tool penetrates
3 the virtual surface and the modeling application determines the surface direction
4 vector based on the locations for the plurality of discrete points of the virtual tool
5 in the haptic virtual environment.

1 14. The system of claim 13, further comprising a constraint plane, wherein the
2 modeling application determines the constraint plane based on the surface
3 direction vector and limits the movement of the virtual tool based on the
4 constraint plane.

1 15. The system of claim 10, wherein the geometry of the virtual surface is an edge
2 geometry.

1 16. The system of claim 15, further comprising two edge surface direction
2 vectors; and the virtual surface comprising two portions, wherein the virtual tool
3 has penetrated the two portions of the virtual surface and the modeling application
4 determines the two edge surface direction vectors based on (i) the two portions

5 and (ii) at least one location of at least one of the plurality of discrete points of the
6 virtual tool.

1 17. The system of claim 16, wherein the edge geometry comprises an edge line,
2 wherein the modeling application determines the edge line by calculating the
3 cross product of the two edge-surface direction vectors, and limits the movement
4 of the virtual tool based on the edge line.

1 18. The system of claim 10, further comprising an interaction force between the
2 virtual object and the virtual tool, wherein the modeling application calculates the
3 interaction force based on the locations of the plurality of discrete points of the
4 virtual tool in comparison to the haptic interface location and the location of the
5 virtual surface.

1 19. A method for interfacing with a virtual surface in a haptic virtual environment,
2 comprising:

- 3 generating a virtual surface in the haptic virtual environment;
- 4 sensing a location of a user in real space;
- 5 determining a virtual representation of the user in real space, the
- 6 virtual representation comprising a plurality of discrete points;
- 7 determining a haptic interface location in the haptic virtual environment in
- 8 response to the location of the user in real space;
- 9 determining a virtual representation location in the haptic virtual
- 10 environment;
- 11 moving the virtual representation location toward the haptic interface
- 12 location in the haptic virtual environment; and
- 13 limiting movement of the virtual representation based on a geometry of the

14 surface and on preventing any one of the plurality of discrete points of the virtual
15 representation from substantially penetrating the virtual surface.

1 20. The method of claim 19 wherein the virtual surface is derived from a set of
2 scalar values arranged at spatial locations.

1 21. The method of claim 20 wherein the set of scalar values is arranged in a
2 regularly spaced three dimensional grid.

1 22. The method of claim 19 wherein the virtual surface is an isosurface of a set of
2 voxels.

1 23. The method of claim 19 further comprising a step of determining a force
2 feedback vector and a step of sending the force feedback vector to the user
3 through a haptic interface.

1 24. The method of claim 23 wherein the step of determining the force feedback
2 vector comprises determining the force feedback vector derived from a difference
3 in position of the haptic interface location and the virtual representation location.

1 25. The method of claim 24 wherein the step of determining the force feedback
2 vector comprises determining the force feedback vector derived from a difference
3 in velocity of the haptic interface location and the virtual representation location.

1 26. The method of claim 19 wherein the step of determining the virtual
2 representation comprises determining a virtual tool.

1 27. The method of claim 26 wherein the step of determining the virtual tool
2 comprises arranging the plurality of discrete points of the virtual tool to
3 approximate a sphere.

1 28. The method of claim 19 wherein the step of generating a virtual surface
2 comprises generating a virtual object from a closed surface.

1 29. The method of claim 28 further comprises steps of reading the virtual object
2 from a file, modifying the virtual object in shape, and saving the virtual object to
3 the file.

1 30. The method of claim 19 wherein the step of moving the virtual representation
2 comprises moving the ~~virtual~~ representation iteratively.

37
1 ~~31~~. A method for interfacing with a virtual surface in a haptic virtual environment,
2 comprising:

3 generating a virtual surface in the haptic virtual environment;
4 sensing a location of a user in real space;
5 determining a virtual representation of the user in real space, the
6 virtual representation comprising a plurality of discrete points;
7 determining a haptic interface location in the haptic virtual environment in
8 response to the location of the user in real space;
9 determining a virtual representation location in the haptic virtual
10 environment;
11 proposing to move the virtual representation to a first proposed location in
12 the direction of the haptic interface location;
13 evaluating at least one of the plurality of discrete points of the virtual
14 representation to detect interference of the virtual representation with the virtual
15 surface for the first proposed location of the virtual representation;
16 moving the virtual representation to the first proposed location if no
17 interference of the virtual representation with the virtual surface is detected; and
18 proposing a second location of the virtual representation if interference of

19 the virtual representation with the virtual surface is detected at the first proposed
20 location.

1 ³⁸~~32~~. The method of claim ³⁷~~31~~ wherein the step of evaluating at least one of the
2 plurality of discrete points comprises determining an interference point from the
3 plurality of discrete points, the interference point interfering with the virtual
4 surface at the first proposed location, and wherein the step of proposing the
5 second proposed location comprises calculating the second proposed location
6 based on local geometry information of the virtual surface near the interference
7 point.

1 ³⁹~~33~~. The method of claim ³⁸~~32~~ further comprising a step of determining a vector
2 formed by projecting the haptic interface location onto a plane passing through a
3 current location of the virtual representation, the plane being tangent to the virtual
4 surface near the interference point for the first proposed position. and wherein the
5 step of proposing the second proposed location comprises proposing the second
6 proposed location in the direction of the vector.

1 ⁴³~~34~~. The method of claim ³⁷~~31~~ further comprising the steps of
2 evaluating at least one of the discrete set of points to detect interference of
3 the virtual representation with the virtual surface for the second proposed location
4 of the virtual representation;
5 moving the virtual representation to the second proposed location if no
6 interference of the virtual representation with the virtual surface is detected; and
7 proposing a third location of the virtual representation if interference of
8 the virtual representation with the virtual surface is detected at the second
9 proposed location.

39
1 35. The method of claim 33 further comprising the steps of
2 evaluating at least one of the discrete set of points to check for interference
3 of the virtual representation with the virtual surface for the second proposed
4 location of the virtual representation;
5 moving the virtual representation to the second proposed location if no
6 interference of the virtual representation with the virtual surface is detected; and
7 proposing a third location of the virtual representation if interference of
8 the virtual representation with the virtual surface is detected at the second
9 proposed location.

41 40
1 36. The method of claim 35 further comprising a step of determining a line
2 formed by the intersection of two planes, the two planes derived from local
3 geometry information in a region near the first proposed location and the second
4 proposed location, and wherein the step of proposing the third proposed location
5 comprises determining the third proposed location in the direction of the line.

42 40
1 37. The method of claim 35 further comprising a step of determining a resultant
2 vector from the cross product of two vectors derived from local geometry
3 information in a region near the first proposed location and second proposed
4 location, and wherein the step of proposing the third proposed location comprises
5 determining the third proposed location in the direction of the proposed resultant
6 vector.

31
1 38. The method of claim 19 wherein the step of limiting movement is achieved by
2 determining a constraint plane based on the geometry of the virtual surface.

32
1 39. The method of claim 19 wherein the step of limiting movement is achieved by
2 determining a constraint edge based on the geometry of the virtual surface.

- 33
1 40. The method of claim 19 wherein the step of determining the haptic interface
2 location comprises determining a position and an orientation of a haptic interface.
- 34 33
1 41. The method of claim 40 further comprising a step of determining a force
2 feedback vector; a step of sending the force feedback to the user through the
3 haptic interface, wherein the haptic interface is adapted for measuring six degrees
4 of freedom.
- 35 34
1 42. The method of claim 41 further comprising the step of applying the force
2 feedback vector through the haptic interface device with less than six degrees of
3 freedom of force feedback.
- 36 34
1 43. The method of claim 41 wherein the step of determining the force feedback
2 comprises a step of determining a force in at least one of three principal directions
3 and a torque in at least one of three principal rotations.
- 44
1 44. A method for interfacing with a virtual surface in a haptic virtual
2 environment, comprising:
3 generating a virtual surface in the haptic environment based on a set of
4 scalar values arranged in a three dimensional grid;
5 sensing a location of a user in real space;
6 determining a virtual representation of the user in real space;
7 determining a haptic interface location in the haptic virtual environment in
8 response to the location of the user in real space;
9 determining a virtual representation location in the haptic virtual
10 environment;
11 moving the virtual representation location in the haptic virtual
12 environment based on the previous virtual representation location, the haptic
13 interface location in the virtual environment, and the geometry of the virtual
14 surface.